

Appendix 1: Questionnaire

Gestational Trophoblastic Disease (GTD)

Name or Rank: _____

1. What is the histopathological karyotype for a complete mole?
 - a. 46, YY
 - b. 46, XY
 - c. 23,X
 - d. 69,XXY
2. Please give 3 symptoms or signs that would raise the suspicion of a molar pregnancy
 - I. _____
 - II. _____
 - III. _____
3. Provide 2 differences between Complete and Partial Molar pregnancy

	Complete Mole	Partial Mole
1.		
2.		
4. For a failed pregnancy in which medical management was done and products of conception were not sent for histology, how soon after medical management should a urinary pregnancy test be repeated?
 - a. 1 week
 - b. 2 weeks
 - c. 3 weeks
 - d. 4 weeks
5. It is safe to prepare the cervix immediately prior to surgical evacuation in a molar pregnancy. True/False
6. It is recommended that oxytocic infusions can be used routinely during surgical evacuation in a suspected molar pregnancy. True/False
7. The risk factors of GTD include the following except
 - a. women of Asian origin
 - b. above 40 years
 - c. teenagers
 - d. women of African origin

8. In a twin pregnancy with a coexistent complete mole, what is the chance of achieving a live birth?
 - a. 15%
 - b. 25%
 - c. 35%
 - d. 75%
9. What is the recommended form of contraception immediately following a diagnosis of GTD?
 - a. Barrier methods
 - b. COCP
 - c. IUCD
 - d. None of the above
10. What is the optimum follow up following a diagnosis of GTD if bhCG levels have not reverted to normal within 56 days of the pregnancy event?
 - a. 6 months from the date of evacuation of uterus
 - b. 6 months from the date that hCG levels normalize
 - c. 12 months from the date of evacuation of uterus
 - d. 12 months from the date that hCG levels normalize
11. How often is the bhCG levels measured after surgical evacuation of the uterus for a molar pregnancy?
 - a. Weekly
 - b. Fortnightly
 - c. Monthly
 - d. Every 4 days
12. Medical evacuation can be performed for suspected complete molar pregnancy. True/False
13. When can women whose last pregnancy was a complete or partial hydatidiform molar pregnancy needing chemotherapy try to conceive again?
 - a. Immediately after
 - b. 6 months after completion of treatment
 - c. 12 months after completion of treatment
 - d. Advise against future pregnancies
14. Fetal parts may be seen on ultrasound examination for a suspected molar pregnancy. True/False
15. What is the risk of a molar pregnancy happening again? _____